APPENDIX A

Area	Future Measures to investigate
Estate/ MBC	 Reduce plastic usage further e.g. small sachets for refreshments in meeting rooms, plastic bin liners that are not biodegradable, green cleaning products etc.
Practice	 Council Housing: over time, housing improvements to include low carbon/carbon neutral materials, heating systems etc. Build in to maintenance programmes through HRA
	Consider use of estate and assets to provide exemplars of energy efficiency/carbon neutral development
	• What is the extent of current carbon scoping and reporting within the council? As a way of measuring
	reduction (https://www.carbontrust.com/resources/faqs/services/scope-3-indirect-carbon-emissions/)
	 Investigate current status of council investments, and the companies we use to see do we need to divest from carbon producing companies
	 Model the possible emission reductions against activity to create a set of targets over time against which to measure ourselves.
Policy	 SPD on Design to develop approaches to energy efficient development and alternative power sources; Consider scope for further 'green' planning policies such as water recycling.
	 Review of Local Plan and other planning documents to include Carbon neutral policy requirements (as distinct from current 'aspirational' terms)
	• Encouragement of exemplar development, even if compromise of other planning policies is required.
	 Creation of a policies document/strategy for MBC to use in house that outlines how we as a council will demonstrate reducing emissions and how we will encourage reductions by residents and businesses.
Regulatory	Review scope and effectiveness Policy
Transport	Increased use of local food suppliers.
and travel	 MBC vehicles to be energy efficient or electric; use of green fuels in Council owned vehicles.
	Recharging points on MBC estate
	Electric Charging points around the Borough
	 Investigate impact of increased volume of rural traffic on roads
	Working with bus services to improve provision to rural areas to reduce need for personal transport.
	 Investigate the government scheme On-Street Residential Charge point Scheme (ORCS)
	(https://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/transport/local-authorities/street-residential-chargepoint-scheme)
Plastic and	 Measures to promote recycling and reduce plastic in the environment.
Waste	Reduce waste to landfill; reduce methane 'greenhouse gas' emissions.
Air Quality	To allow for monitoring and a result to be produced, need to set up a monitoring system before MMDR

	finished, establishing a baseline.Encourage enhanced tree planning along route of MMDR
Flooding	 Proper Disaster planning strategy for the impact of future flooding events; identification of vulnerable properties pro active prior warning to residents based on weather warning and flood alerts; publishing of contact information for assistance; further recruitment of flood wardens; additional localised sand bag provision (as per Bottesford).
Grounds	Wider use of recycled plastics, which last longer than timber.
fencing & benches	Use of peat free products and review of the use of pesticide and chemical treatment. Scope for leaving areas of grass uncut as meadowland.
	EMT looking at battery powered kit , a commercial level ride on mower and wood chipper
	• We are currently trying to establish some wild flowers around the top grassed areas to the rear of Phoenix house.
	 Consideration of biodiversity and green space management as this might be a source of offsetting; future opens spaces to include increased planting
Sustainable Food Initiative	Understand more how the way we shop and how we live has changed in the past 30 years and adapt our policies accordingly.
Private	
Sector	
Housing	
Community Engagement	MBC to play a role in the wider community perhaps a smaller version of the Leeds Climate Commission https://www.leedsclimate.org.uk/about-leeds-climate-commission

Main Issues Raised

- 1. Flooding and an emergency strategy to combat future events
- 2. Electric vehicles charging points
- 3. Monitoring Systems